# Package 'sourcoise'

December 9, 2025

Version 1.0.0 **Description** Provides a function that behaves nearly as base::source() but implements a caching mechanism on disk, project based. It allows to quasi source() R scripts that gather data but can fail or consume to much time to respond even if nothing new is expected. It comes with tools to check and execute on demand or when cache is invalid the script. **License** MIT + file LICENSE URL https://xtimbeau.github.io/sourcoise/, https://github.com/xtimbeau/sourcoise BugReports https://github.com/xtimbeau/sourcoise/issues **Depends** R (>= 4.2.0) Imports cli, digest, dplyr, fs, glue, jsonlite, knitr, lobstr, logger, lubridate, memoise, purrr, qs2, quarto, RcppSimdJson, rlang, rprojroot, scales, stringr, tibble, tidyr, utils **Suggests** bench, rmarkdown, testthat (>= 3.0.0) VignetteBuilder quarto Config/testthat/edition 3 **Encoding UTF-8** RoxygenNote 7.3.3 SystemRequirements Quarto command line tools (https://github.com/quarto-dev/quarto-cli). NeedsCompilation no **Author** Xavier Timbeau [aut, cre, cph] Maintainer Xavier Timbeau <xavier.timbeau@sciencespo.fr> Repository CRAN **Date/Publication** 2025-12-09 19:30:02 UTC

Type Package

Title Source a Script and Cache

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# Description

This function allows you to manually set the root directory for the sourcoise package, bypassing the automatic root detection mechanism used by sourcoise(). Setting the root directory affects where sourcoise looks for files and stores cache data.

# Usage

```
set_sourcoise_root(root = NULL, quiet = TRUE)
```

#### **Arguments**

root	Path to the desired root directory. If NULL (default), sourcoise will attempt to automatically detect the project root. Can be an absolute or relative path.
quiet	Logical value indicating whether to suppress messages during root detection. Default is TRUE (messages suppressed).

#### **Details**

By default, sourcoise automatically detects the project root. This function is equivalent to setting the sourcoise.root option directly, except when dealing with file-level cache storage. To enable file-level cache storage behavior, set root to NULL.

#### Value

The root path that was set (character string), invisibly returned by try\_find\_root().

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#### **Examples**

```
# Set root to a temporary directory
dir <- tempdir()
set_sourcoise_root(dir)

# Reset to automatic detection
set_sourcoise_root(NULL)

# Set root with messages enabled
set_sourcoise_root(dir, quiet = FALSE)</pre>
```

sourcoise

sources R script and caches results on disk

# **Description**

sourcoise() is used as a drop in replacement for base::source() but caches results on disk. Cache is persistant over sessions.

#### Usage

```
sourcoise(
  path,
  args = list(),
  track = list(),
  lapse = getOption("sourcoise.lapse"),
  force_exec = getOption("sourcoise.force_exec"),
  prevent_exec = getOption("sourcoise.prevent_exec"),
  metadata = getOption("sourcoise.metadata"),
  wd = getOption("sourcoise.wd"),
  quiet = getOption("sourcoise.quiet"),
  inform = FALSE
)
```

# Arguments

path	(character) path of the script to execute (see details).
args	(list) list of args that can be used in the script (in the form args\$xxx).
track	(list) list of files which modification triggers cache invalidation and script execution .
lapse	(character) duration over which cache is invalidated. Could be never (default) $x$ hours, $x$ days, $x$ week, $x$ months, $x$ quarters, $x$ years.
force_exec	(boolean) execute code, disregarding cache valid or invalid.
prevent_exec	(boolean) prevent execution, cache valid or not, returned previous cached data, possibly invalid.

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metadata (boolean) if TRUE sourcoise() returns a list with data is the \$data and various

meta data (see details).

wd (character) if project working directory for the execution of script will be the

root of the project. If file then it will be the dir of the script (default) If qmd, then working dir will be the dir in which the calling qmd is. Current directory is

restored after execution (successful or failed).

quiet (boolean) mute messages and warnings from script execution.

inform (boolean) Display logs on console, even if logging is disabled with threshold

level "INFO".

#### **Details**

sourcoise() looks like base::source(). However, there are some minor differences.

First, the script called in sourcoise() must end by a return() or by an object returned. Assignment made in the script won't be kept as sourcoise() is executed locally. Only explicitly reruned object will be returned. So soucoise() is used by assigning its result to something (aa <- sourcoise("mon\_script.r) or sourcoise() |> ggplot() ...). Unless specified otherwise with wd parameter, the working directory for the script execution is (temporarly) set to the dir in which is the script. That allows for simple access to companion files and permit to move the script and companion files to another dir or project.

Second, an heuristic is applied to find the script, in the event the path given is incomplete. Whereas it is not advised and comes with a performance cost, this can be useful when there is a change in the structure of the project. The heuristic is simple, the script is searched inside the porject dir and among all hits the closest to the caller is returned.

Third, if an error is triggered by the script, sourcoise() does not fail and return the error and a NULL return. However, if there is a (invalid or valid) cache, the cached data is returned allowing for the script to continue. In that case the error is logged.

Cache is invalidated when: 1 - a cache is not found 2 - the script has been modified 3 - tracked files have been modified 4 - last execution occurred a certain time ago and is considered as expired 5 - execution is forced

Whatever values takes src\_in, if the file path starts with a /, then the source file will be interpreted from project root (if any). This is coherent whith naming convention in quarto. Otherwise, the document path wil be used firstly (if any, that is to say executed from quarto, rendering). Finally, working directory will be used. If everything fails, it will try to search in the project directory a corresponding file and will keep the closest from the calling point.

Usually the first call return and cache the results. Results can be aby R object and are serialized and saved using qs2. Subsequent calls, supposing none of cache invalidation are true, are then very quick. No logging is used, data is fecteched from the cache and that's it. For standard size data, used in a table or a graph (< 1Mb roughly), return timing is under 5ms.

lapse parameter is used for invalidation trigger 4. lapse = "1 day" ou lapse="day" for instance will trigger once a day the execution. lapse = "3 days" will do it every 72h. hours, weeks, months, quarters or years are understood time units. MOre complex calendar instructions could be added, but sourcoise\_refesh() provides a solution more general and easy to adapt to any use case, as to my knowledge, there is no general mechanism to be warned of data updates.

track is the trigger #3. It is simply a list of files (following path convention defined by scr\_in, so either script dir of project dir as reference). If the files in the list are changed then the execution

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is triggered. It is done with a hash and it is difficult to have a croo plateform hash for excel files. Nevertheless, hash is done on text files with same results of different platforms.

#### Value

data (list ou ce que le code retourne)

#### **Global options**

In order to simplify usage and to avoid complex bugs, some parameters can be set only globally, through options().

- sourcoise.root (character) force root, and bypass sourcoise mechanism to find root. Useful when you want to execute sourcoise in a non-project context (see examples). sourcoise.src\_in (character) if project stores the cache folder (.sourcoise) at the project root, if file, .sourcoise is stored at the calling point.
- sourcoise.nocache (boolean) no caching, so makes sourcoise less useful, can be used for testing purpose
- sourcoise.log (default "OFF") log threshold (see logger::log\_treshold()).
- sourcoise.grow\_cache (integer) (default 5 par défaut) cache limit in number of data file kept.
- sourcoise.limit\_mb (integer) (default 50) individual cache data files size on disk limit. If above **no caching** occurs.

#### Metadata

If metadata=TRUE, a list is returned, with some metadatas. Main ones are \$data, the data returned, \$date, execution date, \$timing execution timing, \$size of the R object in memory, \$data\_file, \$data\_date and \$file\_size documenting data file path, date size on disk and last modification date, parameters of the call (\$track, \$wd, \$src\_in, \$args and so on).

force\_exec and prevent\_exec are parameters that force the script execution (trigger #5) of prevent it (so cache is returned or NULL if no cache). Those 2 parameters can be set for one specific execution, but they are intendend to a global setting through the option sourcoise.force\_exec or sourcoise.prevent\_exec.

If returned data after execution is not different than previously cached data, then no caching occurs in order to limit the disk use and to avoid keeping an history of the same data files. This implies the possibility of a difference between last execution date and last data modification date. If you are insterested in the moment data was changed, then \$data\_date is to be preferred.

# Working with github

sourcoise() is designed to function with *github*. Cache information is specific to each user (avoiding conflicts) and cached data is named with the hash. Conflicts could occur in the rare case the same script is executed on different machines and that this script return each time a different result (such as a random generator).

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#### See Also

Other sourcoise: sourcoise\_clear(), sourcoise\_clear\_all(), sourcoise\_refresh(), sourcoise\_reset(), sourcoise\_status()

#### **Examples**

```
dir <- tempdir()</pre>
set_sourcoise_root(dir)
fs::file_copy(
  fs::path_package("sourcoise", "some_data.R"),
 overwrite = TRUE)
# Force execution (root is set explicitly here, it is normally deduced from project)
data <- sourcoise("some_data.R", force_exec = TRUE)</pre>
# The second time cache is used
data <- sourcoise("some_data.R")</pre>
# Performance and mem test
dir <- tempdir()</pre>
set_sourcoise_root(dir)
fs::file_copy(
   fs::path_package("sourcoise", "some_data.R"),
   overwrite = TRUE)
bench::mark(
forced = data <- sourcoise("some_data.R", force_exec = TRUE),</pre>
cached = data <- sourcoise("some_data.R"),</pre>
max_iterations = 1)
```

sourcoise\_clear

Cleans sourcoise cache

#### **Description**

removes every json and qs2 files found by sourcoise\_status() unless a specific tibble (filtered from sourcoise\_status()) is passed as an argument.

# Usage

```
sourcoise_clear(what2keep = "all", root = NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

 $\hbox{what2keep} \qquad \qquad \hbox{(-) a string (such as "last", the default or "nothing" clears all or "all" removes } \\$ 

only non sourcoise files) or a tibble such as the one obtained by sourcoise\_status(),

possibly filtered for the files you whish to keep

root to force root, not recommended (expert use only)

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#### Value

list of cleared files, plus a side-effect as specified cache files are deleted (no undo possible)

#### See Also

```
Other sourcoise: sourcoise(), sourcoise_clear_all(), sourcoise_refresh(), sourcoise_reset(), sourcoise_status()
```

# **Examples**

```
dir <- tempdir()
set_sourcoise_root(dir)
fs::file_copy(
    fs::path_package("sourcoise", "some_data.R"),
    dir,
    overwrite = TRUE)
# Force execution
data <- sourcoise("some_data.R", force_exec = TRUE)
# we then clear all caches
sourcoise_clear()
sourcoise_status()</pre>
```

sourcoise\_clear\_all

Cleans sourcoise cache

#### **Description**

removes every json and qs2 files found by sourcoise\_status().

# Usage

```
sourcoise_clear_all(root = NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

root

to force root, not recommended (expert use only)

#### Value

list of cleared files, plus a side-effect as specified cache files are deleted (no undo possible)

# See Also

```
Other sourcoise: sourcoise(), sourcoise_clear(), sourcoise_refresh(), sourcoise_reset(), sourcoise_status()
```

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# **Examples**

```
dir <- tempdir()
set_sourcoise_root(dir)
fs::file_copy(
    fs::path_package("sourcoise", "some_data.R"),
    dir,
    overwrite = TRUE)
# Force execution
data <- sourcoise("some_data.R", force_exec = TRUE)
# we then clear all caches
sourcoise_clear_all()
sourcoise_status()</pre>
```

sourcoise\_meta

Get Sourcoise Metadata for a Script

## **Description**

Retrieves metadata about a cached script without fetching the actual data. This function provides quick access to information about script execution, cache status, and related files.

#### Usage

```
sourcoise_meta(path, args = NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

path Path to the script file (character). Can be an absolute or relative path.

args Named list of arguments that were passed to the script, if any. Default is NULL.

This is used to identify the specific cached version when the script was executed

with different argument sets.

#### Value

A named list containing cache metadata with the following elements:

ok Cache status indicator: "cache ok&valid", "invalid cache", or "no cache data"

**timing** Execution time of the full script (duration)

date Date and time of the last full execution

size Size of objects returned, measured in R memory

args Arguments given to sourcoise for the script

lapse Delay interval before reexecution is triggered

track List of files being tracked for changes

qmd\_file List of Quarto (.qmd) files calling this script

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```
log_file Path to the last log file
```

file\_size Size of cached data on disk

**data\_date** Date of last data save (note: if no new data is generated during execution, no new data file is saved)

**data\_file** Path to the cached data file (stored as .qs2 format)

**json\_file** Path to the JSON file storing metadata (located in .sourcoise directory)

# **Examples**

```
dir <- tempdir()
set_sourcoise_root(dir)
fs::file_copy(
    fs::path_package("sourcoise", "some_data.R"),
    dir,
    overwrite = TRUE)
# Force execution (root is set explicitly here, it is normally deduced from project)
data <- sourcoise("some_data.R", force_exec = TRUE)

# Access metadata without loading the cached data
meta <- sourcoise_meta("some_data.R")
print(meta$timing) # View execution time
print(meta$ok) # Check cache status</pre>
```

sourcoise\_refresh

Refresh sourcoise cache by executing sources selected

# **Description**

All scripts (passed to sourcoise\_refresh()) are executed with logging enabled.

#### Usage

```
sourcoise_refresh(
  what = NULL,
  force_exec = TRUE,
  unfreeze = TRUE,
  quiet = FALSE,
  init_fn = getOption("sourcoise.init_fn"),
  root = getOption("sourcoise.root"),
  priotirize = TRUE,
  log = "INFO",
  .progress = TRUE
)
```

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#### **Arguments**

what	(tibble) a tibble as generated by sourcoise_status(), possibly filtered, (defaut to source_status()). What can also be a vector of strings to filter srouces files by name.
force_exec	(boolean) (default FALSE) if TRUE code is executed, no matter what is cached
unfreeze	(boolean) (default TRUE) when possible, unfreeze and uncache .qmd files in a quarto project when data used by those .qmd has been refreshed
quiet	(boolean) (default FALSE) no message if TRUE
init_fn	(function) (default NULL) execute a function before sourcing to allow initialization
root	(default NULL) force root to be set, instead of letting the function finding the root, for advanced uses
priotirize	(boolean) (defaut TRUE) will set priority based on pattern of execution
log	(character) (default "INFO") log levels as in logger: :log_threshold() (c("OFF", "INFO",)), comes with a small performance cost
.progress	(boolean) (default TRUE) displays a progression bar based on previous execution timings

#### **Details**

The function returns the list of script executed but its main effect is a side-effect as scripts are executed and caches updates accordingly. Note also that log files reflect execution and track possible errors. Because of logging the execution comes with a loss in performance, which is not an issue if scripts are long to execute.

It is possible to execute sourcoise\_refresh() without execution forcing (force\_exec=FALSE) or with it. Forced execution means that the script is executed even if the cache is valid. In the case of non forced execution, execution is triggered by other cache invalidation tests (change in source file, lapse or tacked files).

When scripts are linked to qmds (i.e. when run in a quarto project), it is possible to unfreeze and uncache those qmds with the option unfreeze=TRUE. This allows to refresh the cahe and then render the qmds using the new data.

It is possible to pass to refresh a function that will be executed before every script. This allows to load packages and declare global variables that can be used in each script. If packages are loaded inside the script, then this is not needed.

Parameters registered ins sourcoise\_status() such as wd or args are used to execute the script.

Defining a priority in sourcoise(), will change the order of execution of refresh. This can be set automatically using prioritize option. After execution of one refresh, by setting higher priority to more used files.

#### Value

a list of r scripts (characters) executed, with timing and success and a side effect on caches

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#### See Also

```
Other sourcoise: sourcoise(), sourcoise_clear(), sourcoise_clear_all(), sourcoise_reset(), sourcoise_status()
```

#### **Examples**

```
dir <- tempdir()
set_sourcoise_root(dir)
fs::file_copy(
   fs::path_package("sourcoise", "some_data.R"),
    dir,
    overwrite = TRUE)
# Force execution
data <- sourcoise("some_data.R", force_exec = TRUE)
# we then refresh all caches
sourcoise_refresh()</pre>
```

sourcoise\_reset

Resets sourcoise

# **Description**

Removes all . sourcoise folders found under the project root.

# Usage

```
sourcoise_reset(root = NULL)
```

# Arguments

root

to force root (expert use)

#### Value

No return, effect is through removal of .sourcoise folders (this is a side effect, no undo possible)

# See Also

```
Other sourcoise: sourcoise(), sourcoise_clear(), sourcoise_clear_all(), sourcoise_refresh(), sourcoise_status()
```

# Examples

```
dir <- tempdir()
set_sourcoise_root(dir)
fs::file_copy(
   fs::path_package("sourcoise", "some_data.R"),
   dir,
   overwrite = TRUE)</pre>
```

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```
data <- sourcoise("some_data.R", force_exec = TRUE)
sourcoise_reset()</pre>
```

sourcoise\_status

Cache status of sourcoise

#### **Description**

Given the current project, soucoise\_status() collects all information about cache (could be project level, file level) and return a tibble with this data.

# Usage

```
sourcoise_status(short = TRUE, quiet = TRUE, root = NULL, prune = TRUE)
```

#### **Arguments**

short (boolean) (deafault TRUE) return a simplified tibble

quiet (boolean) (default TRUE) no messages during execution

root (string) (default NULL) force root to a defined path, advanced and not recommanded use

prune (boolean) (default TRUE) clean up status to display only on relevant cache. How-

ever, does not clean other cache files.

#### **Details**

sourcoise\_status() reflects what is on the disk (and results indeed from a scan of all cached files and their metadatas). So modifying the result of sourcoise\_status() can produce complex bugs when it is passed to sourcoise\_refresh() or sourcoise\_clean().

#### Data returned is:

• src: path to the source file (r script)

• date: last execution date

• valid: is cache valid?

• uid: id of user

• index: index of cache

• timing: last execution timing

• size: size of the R object(s) returned

• lapse: periodic refresh trigger

• wd: wd setting for execution of r script

• args: arguments passed to R script

• json\_file: path to the file keeping cache information

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- qmd\_file: list of path to qmd files calling this script (relevant only for quarto projects)
- src\_in: localisation of cache option
- data\_file: path to data cached
- data\_date: date and time of last save of data
- log\_file: path to log file, if logging activated
- root: path to the project root, used as reference for all paths
- scr\_hash: hash of the source file
- track\_hash: hash of the tracked files, if any
- track: list of files tracked
- args\_hash: hash of arguments
- data\_hash: hash of data cached

#### Value

tibble of cached files (see details for structure)

#### See Also

```
Other sourcoise: sourcoise(), sourcoise_clear(), sourcoise_clear_all(), sourcoise_refresh(), sourcoise_reset()
```

#### **Examples**

```
dir <- tempdir()
set_sourcoise_root(dir)
fs::file_copy(
    fs::path_package("sourcoise", "some_data.R"),
    dir,
    overwrite = TRUE)
# Force execution
data <- sourcoise("some_data.R", force_exec = TRUE)
# status returns the cache status
sourcoise_status()</pre>
```

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